

Delegation from the Republic of Korea.

Position Paper for the General Assembly.

The topics before the General Assembly (GA) are artificial intelligence (AI) and the international system, as well as cybercrimes and human security. The Republic of Korea recognized the importance of technology and preparing for its advancements along with the importance of AI and the advancement of cybercrime prevention.

1. Artificial Intelligence and the International System

Artificial intelligence (AI) is a rapidly increasing area of technology with vast possibilities. The United Nations Chief Executive Board (CEB) declared that AI is capable of supporting vulnerable populations and aiding Member States in reaching sustainability goals. With the exponential growth of AI, the Republic of Korea recognizes the importance of proper regulations that fit a Member State's needs. South Korea recognizes the importance of AI and how it can help vulnerable populations with the correct regulations. South Korea has put over 1.65 billion USD into funding and programs for AI research and implementation.

In cooperation with the Indo-Pacific partners, the Republic of Korea encourages the continued collaboration between Member States in the research and implementation of AI. South Korea will host the Global AI Safety Summit in 2024, focusing on international cooperation. South Korea has also previously co-hosted the REAIM 2023 summit in collaboration with the Kingdom of the Netherlands, with an emphasis on the responsible use of AI in the military domain. South Korea has implemented multiple initiatives to fight disinformation created by AI and encourages Member States to implement their own initiatives to fight disinformation.

The Republic of Korea encourages all Member States to embrace AI and to build foundations to ensure the safety of everyone impacted by artificial intelligence while using its abilities to help vulnerable populations.

2. Cybercrimes and Human Security

The United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC) describes cybercrime as an evolving form of transnational crime. Cybercrime is on the rise; with approximately a trillion United States Dollars being lost yearly due to cyberattacks. The Republic of Korea is one of the most technologically connected countries in the world, and it recognizes the vital need for member states to implement strict regulations and programs to fight against cybercrime. South Korea encourages open discussion on cybersecurity between government, private stakeholders, and citizens. Working alongside INTERPOL and UNODC, South Korea pledged to work cooperatively in order to reduce worldly cybercrime. South Korea has hosted and partaken in multiple international cybercrime prevention measures, including hosting the International Symposium on Cybercrime Response (ISCR) in 2023. South Korea encourages the use of sanctions to discourage the use of cyberattacks against member states.

The Republic of Korea leads the world in technological advancement and implements multiple regulations and procedures to prevent cybercrime. South Korea encourages public education as a primary preventative measure against cybercrime. Vulnerable populations are likely targets of cybercrimes, and South Korea encourages member states to focus on protecting vulnerable populations.

With the growing number of cyberattacks, the Republic of Korea stresses the importance of a worldly effort to fight cybercrime, with the improvement of national measures and educational programs within nations. The importance of data security and individuals' right to privacy is at the forefront of the measures taken against cybercrime. South Korea looks forward to working with its partners to improve the worldly response to take action against cybercrimes.